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2009 JUN 29 AM 10: 25



BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

City of McComb Public Water Supply Name

	PWS 570004 List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR
The Fecton Formust be	deral Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consumer nce report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Please .	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	 □ Advertisement in local paper □ On water bills □ Other
	Date customers were informed://
×	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed: 6 /26/09
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper:
	Date Published:/_/
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted: / /
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
CERT	IFICATION
the form consisted Departi	y certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is ent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State ment of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply. Lindsey, Public Works Director 6/26/09
Name/	ie Lindsey, Public Works Director) Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518

2008 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report City of McComb PWS#: 570004 June 2009

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed an ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from six wells drawing from the Miocene Series and Catahoula Formation Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking was supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of McComb have received moderate susceptibility ranking.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Alice C. Barnes at 601.684.3497. We want valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meeting. They are held on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at 5:30 PM at the City Hall (Board Meeting) or the third Tuesday of month at 5:00 PM at City Hall (work session).

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2008. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 20 the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human accommissions, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may drom a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, inclusivations and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mineral activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water and the provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the poses a health risk.

in this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms with provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system in follow.

Maximum Conteminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking was MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000

				_TEST RESU	LTS				1
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG		MCL	Likely Source Contamination
Radioactiv	e Contai	minants							
Radioactiv 5. Gross Alpha 6. Radium 228 Radium 228 7. Uranium	e Contai	2008 2008	.596 .111 .212	No Range No Renyo	pCi/L pCi/1	0	1 & 5	Erosion of na	ntural deposits

Inorganic Contaminants

8. Arsenic	N	2006*	3	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runo from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production waste
10. Barlum	N	2006*	.012	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal rafineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2005/07*	.5	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corresion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride**	N	2006*	1.01	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer, and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2005/07*	5	0	dqq	0	AL≑15	

Disinfection By-Products

ı	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.									
	Chlorine .	N	2008	1.09	1.03-1.09	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control	-
~		<u>i</u>	<u>!</u>				L		microbes	

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2007.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicated whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. Beginning January 1, 2004, the Mississippi State Department of Health (MS) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary disinfectant to monitor/test for chlorine residuals as required by the State Disinfection By-Products Rule. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no colliform present, an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children, Lead in drinking was primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water the sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested, information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotling of http://www.epa.gpv/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per samp Please contact 601.576.7582 If you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances had drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protects. Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immuno-system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water than their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosportdium and drinking water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

*****A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning danuary 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analysis are reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice.

Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to reactive this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director

The City of McComb works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

^{**} Fluoride level is routinely adjusted to the MS State Dept of Health's recommended level of 0.7 - 1.3 mg/l.

Zachary Patterson Mayor

Jim Storer, MD City Administrator

John H. White, Jr.



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

Ronnie Lindsey, Public Works Director

Selectmen

Danny R. Esch Melvin "Joe" Johnson Wade W. Lamb Robert M. Maddox Ernest C. Nobles Robert Earl Smith

FAX INSTRUCTIONS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
DATE: 6/30/2009 FROM: Olice Barnes (Janice Cobry) TO: Jessie FAX NO: 1-601-576-7800		
FAX NO: 1-601-576-7800	* - 1	
We are transmitting from an automatic Sharp UX510. Should you have any problems receiving this transmittal, please call (601) Total number of pages (including cover sheet):) 684-3497	
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122 E. Michigan Avenue....Post Office Box 667...McComb, Mississippi 39649-0667...(601) 684-3497...Fax (601) 684-3601

2008 CCR Contact Information

Date: 6/30/09 Time: 10:35
PWSID: 570004
System Name: McComb
Lead/Copper Language MSDH Message re: Radiological Lab
MRDL Violation Chlorine Residual (MRDL) RAA
Other Violation(s)
Will correct report & mail copy marked "corrected copy" to MSDH.
Will notify customers of availability of corrected report on next monthly bill.
NoCR
Certification only Received
Spoke with Janua Shu will fax acopy the Original is in the mail.
Spoke with